Coordinates: 38°56′N 34°33′E

Haji Bektash Veli Complex

The **Haji Bektash Veli complex** (Turkish: *Hacıbektaş Külliyesi*) is an Alevi Cultural Monument of the Republic of Turkey, located in Hacıbektaş, Nevshehir province. It was built in the 13th century as a Teqe (*dergâh*) of the Sufi saint Haji Bektash Veli. After his death, his mausoleum was built here. After the European reforms of the founding father of Turkey, Mustafa Kemal Atatürk and the exodus of the Bektashi order to Albania in 1925, the complex was closed declared as museum in 1964. The khanqa of the complex is thought to be the very first "King type" khanqa in Turkey.

Nowadays it is still visited by hundreds of thousands of Alevis, Bektashis and even Sunnis Muslims from Turkey, Albania and the Turkish diaspora in Europe and the Americas alike. Large festivals are held here every August. Since 2012, the Haji Bektash Veli complex is on the World Heritage Sites Tentative list of the UNESCO.

External links

- Haji Bektash Veli complex (https://whc.unesco.org/en/tentativelists/5735/) – UNESCO
- The Haji Bektash Veli complex (http://www.kultur.gov.tr/EN,33915/the-haci-bektas-i-veli-complex.html) – Ministry of Culture and Tourism (Turkey)

Haji Bektash Veli complex

Hacı Bektaş Veli külliyesi

Shown within Turkey

Location	Hacıbektaş, Nevşehir Province, Turkey
Coordinates	38°56′N 34°33′E
Type	Religious complex
History	
Periods	Seljuks of Anatolia

Haji Bektash Veli Complex

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